



# UK1A M18 CILINDRYCAL ULTRASONIC SENSOR

Installation manual - CAT8BUK1252803 - ENG - Rev n° 3 : 10/04/2016

## SUPPLIED MATERIAL

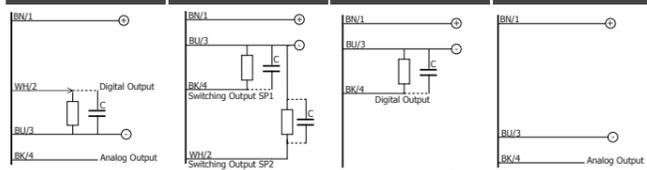
- Installation manual
- 2 plastic nuts
- 2 flexible washer

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

- M18 ultrasonic sensors with output plug (M12) or cable (2m)
- Models with single output:
  - Current analogue output (4 – 20 mA)
  - Voltage analogue output (0 – 10 V)
  - Digital output (NPN/PNP, NO/NC selectable)
- Models with double outputs:
  - Current analogue output (4 – 20 mA) and digital output (NPN/PNP, NO/NC selectable)
  - Voltage analogue output (0 – 10 V) and digital output (NPN/PNP, NO/NC selectable)
  - Digital output (PNP/NPN NO/NC selectable)
- Operating distance adjustment (Windows Teach-in option and On object Teach-in option)
- Complete protection against electrical damages
- Multifunction LED indicator: output state, Teach-in function and NO/NC configuration
- Plastic housing

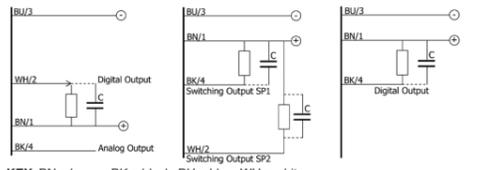
## ELECTRICAL DIAGRAMS OF THE CONNECTIONS

PNP NO/NC + analogue output models	PNP models with double output	PNP NO/NC models with single digital output	Models with single analogue output
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In case of combined load, resistive and capacitive, the maximum admissible capacity (C) is 0,1 µF for maximum output voltage and current.

NPN NO/NC + analogue output models	NPN models with double output	NPN NO/NC models with single digital output
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KEY: BN = brown; BK = black; BU = blue; WH = white

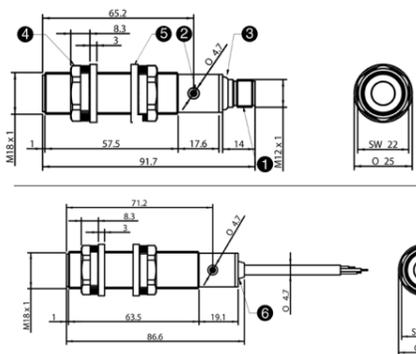
## ERROR CONDITIONS

Error condition	Sensor state	Corrective action
Teach P1 = P2	Exit OFF until a new and correct teach operation	Repeat correctly the Teach operation
Teach P2 (closest point) after the P1 (farthest point)		
Teach P1 (farthest point) within the range and P2 at infinite		

## DIMENSIONS

### KEY

- 1 M12 plug cable exit
- 2 Teach-in button
- 3 LED
- 4 Plastic tightening nut
- 5 Flexible washer
- 6 Cable exit



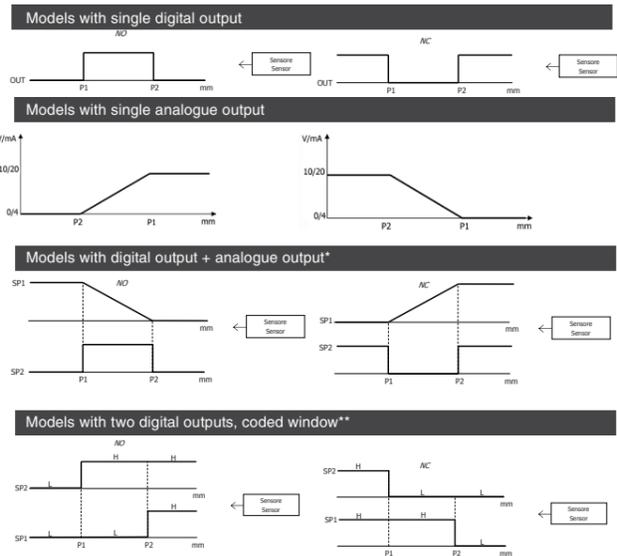
## CODE STRUCTURE

UK	M18 ultrasonic sensor
1	Standard body length
A	50 - 400 mm direct diffuse
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E	Sensitivity adjustment and NO/NC selection by Teach-in button
1	0 ... 10 V single voltage analogue output
2	4 ... 20 mA single current analogue output
3	NPN - NO/NC two digital outputs (*) coded window output
4	NPN - NO/NC digital output + 4 ... 20 mA current analogue output
5	PNP - NO/NC two digital outputs (*) coded window output
6	PNP - NO/NC digital output + 4 ... 20 mA current analogue output
7	PNP - NO/NC digital output + 0 ... 10 V voltage analogue output
9	NPN - NO/NC digital output + 0 ... 10 V voltage analogue output
N	NPN - NO/NC single digital output
P	PNP - NO/NC single digital output
-	
0	Plastic housing
E	M12 plug cable exit
A	Axial cable exit

(\*) Model with coded output. Please see the "Output curve" section.

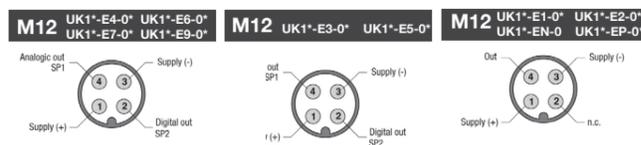
## OUTPUT CURVES

The following graphics are referred to the PNP state output, while the NPN state output have the of the inverted functions.



\* It can be used as a single model output.  
 \*\* The double digital output model with the coded window is designed for the target detection that moves along the longitudinal axis sensor: the sensor remains in the last stored output state removing the target or it doesn't receive echoes.

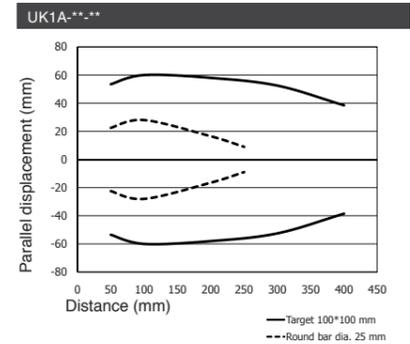
## PLUGS



Models	UK1A-E*-0***
Maximum sensing distance	400 mm <sup>(1)</sup>
Minimum sensing distance (blind zone)	50 mm
Sensing range (Sd)	100-400 mm
Beam angle	± 8°
Switching frequency (digital output)	10 Hz
Response time (digital output)	50 ms
Hysteresis	1%
Repeat accuracy	0,5%
Linearity error	< 1%
Temperature range	-20...+60 °C
Temperature compensation	Yes
Operating voltage	15 ... 30 Vdc
Thermal drift	5%
Ripple	5%
Leakage current	10 µA @ 30 Vdc
Output voltage drop	2.2 V max. @ (I=100 mA)
No-Load current	≤ 50 mA
Output current	100 mA per UK1A-E#-0*** con # = 3, 5, N, P, 4, 6, 7, 9
Analog voltage output minimum load resistance	3 k Ω
Adjustment set point	Teach-in button
Time delay before availability (digital output)	500 ms; < 900 ms for UK1A-E#-0*** with # = 3, 5
Resolution	1 mm
Supply electrical protections	Polarity reversal, overvoltage pulses
Digital output electrical protections <sup>(3)</sup>	Short circuit, overvoltage pulses
EMC	Conforming to the EMC Directive according to EN 60947-5-2
Protection degree	IP67 (EN60529) <sup>(2)</sup>
Housing material	PBT
Front end material	Epoxy-Glass resin
Weight	26 g connector, 88 g cable
Tightening torque	1 Nm
Storage temperature	-35 °C...+70 °C without freezing

- (1) Metallic target 100x100 mm
- (2) Protection guarantee only with plug cable well mounted
- (3) Analogue outputs are not protected to short circuit

## CHARACTERISTIC CURVES



## ADJUSTMENT

**P1 AND P2**  
 P1 coincides with the maximum working distance requested; during regulation phase P1 must be the first point to be set up. P2 coincides with the minimum working distance requested; during regulation phase P2 must be the second point to be set up.  
**ANALOGUE OUTPUT**  
 P1 determines the position corresponding to 10 V (voltage output) or 20 mA (current output); P2 determines the position corresponding to 0 V (voltage output) or 4 mA (current output). Positive slope: P2 < P1. Negative slope: P2 > P1.  
**NORMAL FUNCTION**  
 The LED is ON when the echo is received and the target is between P1 and P2 (Windows Teach-in option) or the target is detected into sensing area (On object Teach-in option), in NO state (Normally Open).  
**BUTTON TEACH-IN ADJUSTMENT OPTIONS**  
 Two Teach-in adjustment options are available :1) Windows Teach-in option 2) On object Teach-in option

1) WINDOWS TEACH-IN OPTION (adjustment of two points: P1 and P2)

**TEACH-IN OF P1 POSITION**  
 Place the target at the right distance P1, then press the teach-in button for 1 second. The LED turns ON after maximum 2 seconds, from OFF state, and the sensor will acquire the position P1. Only at this point it is possible to remove the target. The LED will stay in ON state waiting for the regulation of P2 point.  
**TEACH-IN OF P2 POSITION**  
 Place the target at the right distance P2, then press the Teach-in button. The LED turns OFF, from ON state, then blinks 5 times, and in this phase the sensor acquires the position of P2 point. The LED returns in ON state and only at this point it is possible to remove the target. At this time P1 and P2 are programmed and the sensor works in Normal Function state with the values stored in the memory: the LED is in ON state when target is between P1 and P2, if the sensor is NO State (Normally Opened).

2) ON OBJECT TEACH-IN OPTION (adjustment of only one point: P1)

**TEACH-IN OF P1 POSITION**  
 Place the target at the right distance P1, then press the teach-in button for 1 second. The LED turns ON after maximum 2 seconds, from OFF state, and the sensor will acquire the position P1. Only at this point it is possible to remove the target.

**TEACH-IN OF P2 POSITION**  
 Place the target (or another object able to cover the active face) in front of the sensor at a distance less than 50 mm; press the teach-in button for 1 second to acquired P2 distance. P2 will coincide with the minimum sensing distance (50 mm). The LED will turn OFF, from ON state, then will blink 5 times and during this phase the sensor acquires the position of P2 point. The LED return in ON state and only at this point it is possible to remove the target. At this time P1 and P2 are programmed and the sensor works in Normal Function state with the values stored in the memory: the LED is in ON state when target is between P1 and the minimum sensing distance, if the sensor is NO State (Normally Opened).

**NOTE 1:** If the sensor is taught for a time more longer than 1 second and then left, without target in front of the sensor or with the target out from the maximum sensing distance (400 mm), it will acquire as distance P1 a distance more longer than the maximum sensing distance indicated in the table of Technical Specifications, and this distance is not uniquely definite and repeatable and as distance P2 the minimum sensing distance (50 mm). Don't use this regulation with analogue output. To optimize the resolution it is necessary to adjust the working range using Teach-in on object option or Windows Teach-in option.

**NOTE 2:** When the analogical output is used, it must be used the Windows Teach-in option mode in order to reach the maximum resolution.

**CONFIGURATION OF NO AND NC STATES**  
 Sensors are delivered from factory in NO state. It is possible to change the logical digital output state of the sensor by pushing the Teach in button for more than 8 seconds until the LED starts to blink fast. Release the Teach in button and the LED will blink slowly. When the LED will stop to blink the digital output state is changed. If the output is in NO state the slope of analogical output is positive moving from P2 towards P1, otherwise if the sensor is in NC state the slope of the analogical output is positive moving from P1 towards P2. This option is possible any time and it is separated from the Teach-in option.

**INSTALLATION CONDITION**  
 The fixation of the sensor has to be done using plastic nut and flexible washer supplied with ultrasonic sensor (see Supplied Material). If the sensor is fixed directly into metal block through hole or threaded, it is necessary to use always flexible washer and plastic nut to fix the sensor. Anyway both nuts and metal block have to be minimum 5 mm from the edge of the active face and it is necessary that the first 5 mm of the threaded housing are not screwed. Both metal blocks and nuts have to be connected to ground.

**STATES PRESERVATION**  
 The sensor preserves the last adjustment made, therefore removing the voltage supply and restoring it, the sensor works in according to last value of P1 and P2 point.

**ATTENTION**  
 Make sure that the supply voltage is correctly set with a ripple corresponding to the values indicated on the catalogue. In case the noise produced by the power lines exceeds the values foreseen by the CE norm (interference immunity), separate the sensor cables from both the power and high tension lines and insert it in a grounding metal raceway. Moreover it is advisable to connect the sensor directly to the supply source and not to other devices. To extend the supply and output cables, it is necessary to use a cable having conductors with a minimum size of 1 mm<sup>2</sup>. The maximum length of extension is 100 m (this value is referred to a minimum tension and power supply at the load of 100 mA). In industrial environments, we recommend to use shielded cables in order to prevent possible disturbances on the devices caused by electromagnetic fields induced. Do not expose sensor head to hot water > 50 °C, water steam, acids or solvents. Clean the active face of the sensor with a wet cloth and then dry it.

**WARNING** These products are NOT safety sensors and are NOT suitable for use in personal safety application

**Declaration of conformity**  
 M.D. Micro Detectors S.p.A. con Unico Socio declare under our sole responsibility that these products are in conformity with the EMC directive.

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